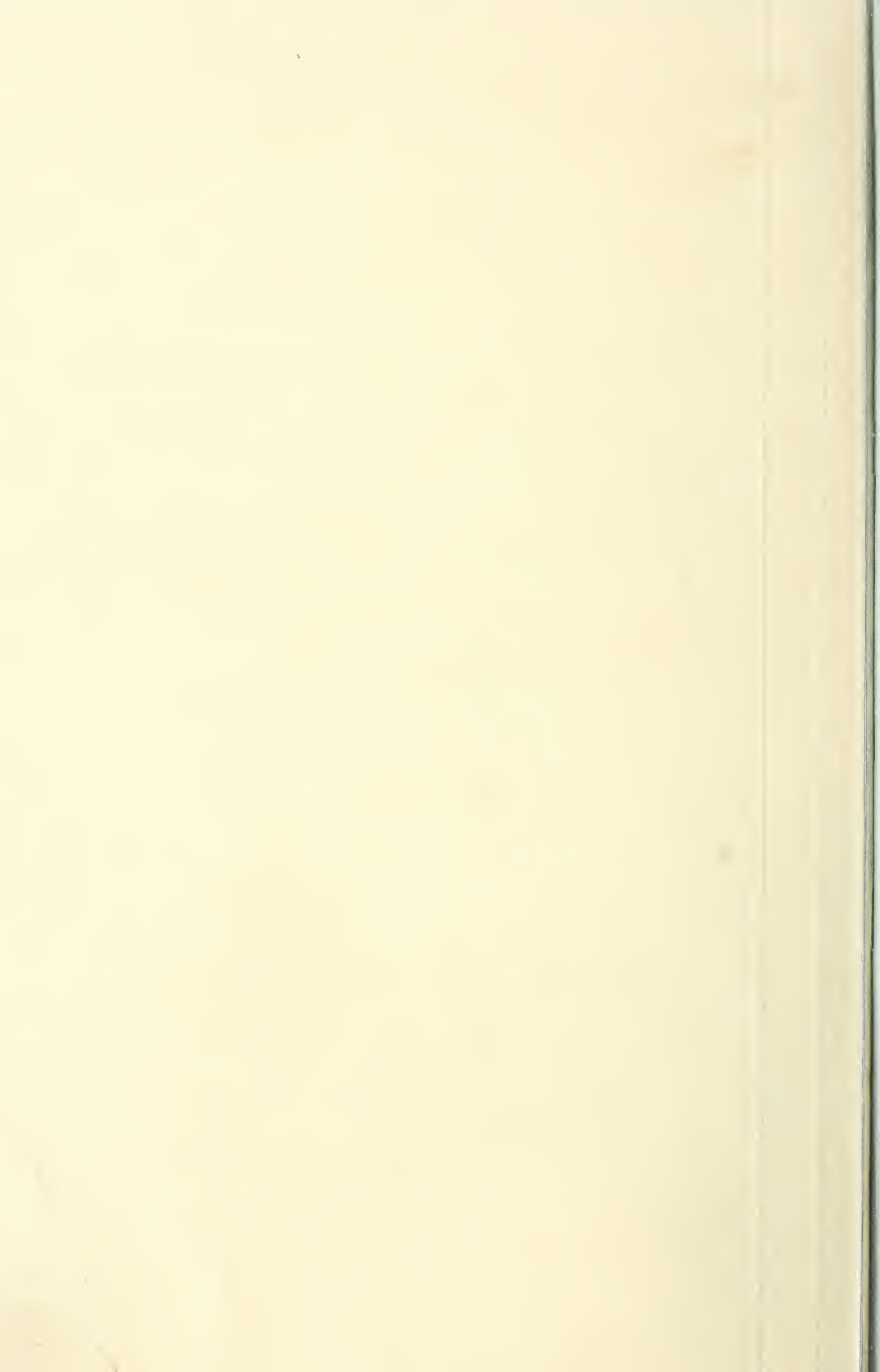


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DESCRIPTIVE PRICED CATALOGUE

— OF —

Citrus and Deciduous Orchard Fruit Trees



Washington Navel Oranges

**ROSES AND PALMS, FOREST TREES
VINES AND SHRUBS**



SAN FERNANDO NURSERY CO.

— INCORPORATED —

SAN FERNANDO, CALIFORNIA

SAN FERNANDO NURSERY CO.

OFFICERS:

John T. Wilson **President**

W. J. Mann **Manager and Secretary**

DIRECTORS:

L. C. Brand, **W. J. Mann,** **R. H. Hille**

F. E. Strader, **W. P. Weber**

John T. Wilson, **R. B. Peadody**

Suggestions for Planting

Caution. Be careful when unpacking to see that all trees are properly labeled. Do not let the roots become dry; plant or cover with moist dirt at once.

Pruning. The tops should be shortened more or less, depending on size, variety and condition of the trees. All side limbs should be cut to one or two buds; two-year old trees with formed tops should be well headed back, say from 6 inches to 1 foot from main stock.

Planting. Holes should be dug much larger than required so the roots may spread out in their natural form; the top ground should be broken down and raised to a cone in center of the hole to set tree on, and the roots then brought to their natural position. Sift in pulverized, moist dirt and see that it is thoroughly mixed through the roots, then tramp firmly, fill and repeat near the top by finishing with three or four inches of nice loose dirt.

Observe When Ordering

Orders should be legibly written out on a separate sheet, thereby saving time and avoiding mistakes.

State whether substitution will be allowed, and to what extent, in case we are out of the particular variety, size, age, etc.

All trees and plants are carefully labeled, and securely packed for a moderate charge to cover cost of material. No charges for drayage from nursery to the freight or shipping point.

Customers are requested to notify us at once of any errors.

Orders from unknown parties **MUST** be accompanied by the cash, or satisfactory reference. Orders sent C. O. D. must be accompanied by at least one-half cash, otherwise will receive no attention.

Remittance may be made by Express or Post Office money order, or by personal checks.

Address all correspondence

SAN FERNANDO NURSERY CO.

SAN FERNANDO, CALIFORNIA

APR 27 1911
MAY 10 1911
A CONCISE CATALOGUE

OF

FRUIT AND SHADE TREES

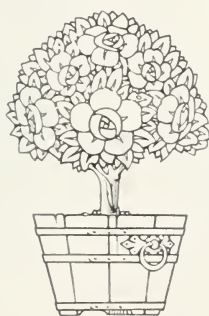
NUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

FOREST TREES

PALMS AND ROSES

VINES AND SHRUBS

Especially adapted to the Soil and Climate
of California and the Adjoining States



PUBLISHED BY

THE SAN FERNANDO NURSERY CO.

INCORPORATED

SAN FERNANDO, CAL.

PLANTING DIRECTIONS

1. It is of great importance in the first place to put your land in good condition to receive your trees. The ground should be thoroughly plowed and followed by harrowing until the soil is well pulverized. Stake off the distance you intend to plant your trees apart; for this purpose it is best to use a planting chain; if no regular planting chain can be procured from the hardware dealers anyone can make their own planting chain with wire. One hundred feet of wire will answer every purpose, and the designing mark can be made by soldering buttons on the wire at whatever distance you wish to plant your stock apart.

2. As soon as the trees are received, remove from the bales or boxes, and heel them in the ground, thoroughly settling with water. This will insure the stock keeping in first-class condition until ready to plant. When planting, see that the holes are dug sufficiently large to admit the roots in natural form. All bruised or broken roots should be cut away to a smooth surface with a sharp knife. The tree should stand just a trifle deeper than it did in the nursery row. It is also very important after planting an orchard to settle the earth around the roots by liberal application of water. The cause of trees failing to start in many instances is due to failure to settle the soil around the roots.

4. All deciduous fruit trees should be cut back to within 18 inches from the top of the ground. Instead of removing all the lateral limbs when topping the tree, a sufficient number of these laterals should be left to form a head. Shorten in the laterals to within two inches of the body of the tree. The trees as a general rule have limbs removed while standing in the nursery rows to within 12 inches of the ground. It is always a good plan not to remove the lateral limbs entirely, so that in case the buds on the main body of the tree do not start in the spring, the buds on the smaller branches will.

DISTANCES APART TO PLANT

Standard Apples	25 to 30	feet apart each way
Standard Pears	20 to 24	" " " "
Strong-growing Cherries	20 to 24	" " " "
Duke and Morello Cherries.....	18 to 20	" " " "
Standard Plums and Prunes.....	20 to 24	" " " "
Peaches and Nectarines.....	20 to 24	" " " "
Apricots	24 to 30	" " " "
Almonds	24 to 30	" " " "
Walnuts	40 to 50	" " " "
Grapes	7 to 10	" " " "
Currants and Gooseberries.....	4 by 6 feet
Raspberries and Blackberries.....	3 to 4	by 5 to 7 "
Strawberries for field culture.....	1 to 1½	by 4 to 5 "
Strawberries for garden culture.....	1 to 2 feet apart

Number of Trees or Plants on an Acre at Given Distance Apart.		Square Method	Equilateral Triangle Method
Distance.	1 foot apart each way, number plants.....	43,560	50,300
"	2 feet " " " " " "	10,890	12,375
"	3 " " " " " "	4,840	5,889
"	4 " " " " " "	2,722	3,130
"	5 " " " " " "	1,742	2,011
"	6 " " " " " "	1,210	1,397
"	7 " " " " " "	807	928
"	8 " " " " " "	680	785
"	9 " " " " " "	537	620
"	10 " " " " " "	435	502
"	12 " " " " " "	302	348
"	14 " " " " " "	222	256
"	15 " " " " " "	193	222
"	16 " " " " " "	170	195
"	18 " " " " " "	134	154
"	20 " " " " " "	109	125
"	22 " " " " " "	90	104
"	24 " " " " " "	75	86
"	25 " " " " " "	69	79
"	30 " " " " " "	48	55
"	35 " " " " " "	35	40
"	40 " " " " " "	27	31
"	50 " " " " " "	18	20

Rule—Square Method—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill, which, divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.

Rule—Equilateral Triangle Method—Divide the number required to the acre "square method" by the decimal .866. The result will be the number of plants required to the acre by this method.

CITRUS-TROPICAL FRUITS

ORANGE.

Orange and Lemon trees, \$1.00 each, well branched. Special price in quantity.

Washington Navel. The tree is hardy, and a thrifty grower, begins to bear when young and is a regular bearer. The fruit is large, perfectly seedless, flesh crisp and juicy, tender and sweet, and highly flavored, and a good shipper. December to May.

Ruby Blood. Medium size, round, flesh streaked with blood red, when full ripe penetrates through the skin; pulp rich, juicy and melting.

Paper Rind St. Michael. Medium size, round, firm skin, very thin; pulp juicy and very sweet; tree a strong grower, and good bearer.



Marsh's Seedless Pomelo.

Tangerine. Fruit medium size, of the Mandarin type; the pulp is sweet and highly flavored, skin thin and separates easily from pulp.

Late Valencia. Fruit oblong, resembling the St. Michael, only much larger; ripens very late. A valuable variety and only second to the Washington Navel.

LIME.

Mexican. Equal to the imported Mexican. Tree much used for hedges, for which purpose it is well adapted. Price 75c each.

LEMON.

Eureka. Fruit medium size, smooth and excellent quality, having but few seeds; tree thornless and a heavy bearer, fruit keeps well. \$1.25 each.



Washington Navel Orange.



Eureka Lemons.

POMELO.

Marsh Seedless. Size, medium, skin smooth, glossy, lemon color, pulp very juicy with very little rag. This variety has the advantage over others, fruit seedless. Price \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

LOQUAT.

50c to \$1.00 each.

Advance. Fruit large, remarkably pyriform in shape; skin deep lemon yellow, very firm; flesh juicy and sweet.

Seedlings. Fruit large, grown in immense clusters, varying in color from lemon to deep orange; flesh melting, juicy and sweet.



Avocado—Alligator Pear.

ALLIGATOR PEAR.

3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.25.

Avocado Pear (*Persea gratissima*). A noble evergreen tree the fruit of which sometimes attains a weight of two pounds which is generally sliced for salad and is of delicious taste and flavor. Does well wherever the orange and lemon luxuriates in California.

BANANA.

Cavendishii. Tender and dwarf in habit, hence easily protected; thrives well in the open; fruit yellow. \$1.00 each.

Hart's Choice. Fruit clear yellow; skin soft and thin, melting, buttery, unsurpassed in flavor. \$1.00 each.

OLIVE.

Mission. Fruit large, excellent for pickles, either green or ripe, as well as for oil; tree a strong, handsome, upright grower; regular and constant bearer. 1 year, 75c each; per 10, \$6.50.



Mission Olives.

GUAVA.

Strawberry Guava. Small tree, bearing immense quantities of fruit the size of an English walnut; fruit deep scarlet; makes a fine jam, jelly or preserve. 25c to 50c each.

POMEGRANATE.

Paper Shell. As the name indicates, this is a thin skinned variety of excellent quality. 30c each.

TREES IN QUANTITY.

In standard orange and lemon trees we are in a position to make attractive prices to intending planters who may be in the market for large quantities. Our stock is of good quality, free from disease and insect pests, and true to name. Write us your wants and we will make you the right price.

THE DECIDUOUS FRUITS

CHERRY.

4 to 6 feet, 25c; 3 to 4 feet, 20c.

Early Richmond. An old favorite sort; an early red sub-acid cherry. Tree hardy and very productive.

May Duke. Large, red, juicy, almost sweet. A regular bearer, and is extensively planted. June.

Black Tartarian. An old standard and one of the leading black cherries.



Bartlett Pear.

PEAR—SUMMER.

4 to 6 feet, 35c; 3 to 4 feet, 25c.

Bartlett. Large, skin very thin, clear lemon yellow, with soft blush on sunny side; flesh white, buttery, very juicy and highly flavored. The best summer pear.

Lawson or Comet. Large, brilliant crimson color on yellow ground; flesh crisp, juicy; a firm and good shipper.

Le Conte. Large, bell-shaped; skin smooth and of a rich, creamy color; a rapid grower and a prolific bearer; valuable for shipping. July.

Madeline. Medium, pale yellow, dotted with brown dots; flesh melting and juicy. June and July.

PEAR—AUTUMN.

Buerre Bosc. A large, fine pear with long neck; cinnamon, russet; very handsome; half melting, juicy, slightly perfumed. September.

Buerre Clairgeau. Large, yellow, shaded with orange and crimson, covered with russet dots; flesh buttery, yellow, juicy and fine. September.

B. S. Fox. Large, skin greenish yellow, smooth, nearly covered with golden russet; flesh buttery and juicy.

Keifer Hybrid. Large; skin rich golden yellow, sprinkled with small dots, often tinted with red on one side; flesh slightly coarse.

PEAR—WINTER.

Colonel Wilder. Large, yellow, profusely dotted and marbled with russet, flesh melting and juicy.

P. Barry. Large to very large; skin yellow, nearly covered with russet dots and blotches; flesh juicy; fine grained and abounding with juice of a rich saccharine, aromatic flavor. December.

APPLE—SUMMER.

4 to 6 feet, 25c each; per 10, \$2.00. 3 to 4 feet, 20c each; per 10, \$1.80.

Bismarck. Fruit of a golden yellow color and of the largest size; highly flavored and as a dessert apple has no equal. Price, 50c each.

Early Harvest. Medium size, bright straw color; tender and juicy; fine for table or cooking. July.

Maiden Blush. Medium size, well shaped, yellow with very distinct red cheek on sunny side; tender and sweet. August.

Red June. Medium size, oval; deep red, covered with light bloom; a fine cooking or eating apple. June and July.

Red Astrachan. Large, deep crimson, sometimes with a streak of yellow; flesh white, moderately juicy, with a fine flavor. July.

White Astrachan. A Russian apple; large, roundish; skin very smooth and nearly white; a good market and showy apple. August.

APPLE—AUTUMN.

Fameuse. Snow apple, medium and roundish; greenish yellow with streaks of red on sunny side; flesh white and juicy, fine for cooking. October.

Gloria Mundi. Fruit large, greenish yellow; flesh very tender, with pleasant sub-acid flavor; cooking and drying. October.

Jonathan. Medium, light yellow, covered with red stripes and a deep red on sunny side; flesh yellowish, rich and juicy. October and November.



Jonathan Apple.

King of Tompkins County. Very large; flesh yellowish and very coarse; rich and juicy; adapted to mountain regions. October and November.

Baldwin. The well known variety; fruit large, somewhat flattened, smooth and of a red color; flesh yellow, crisp and juicy.

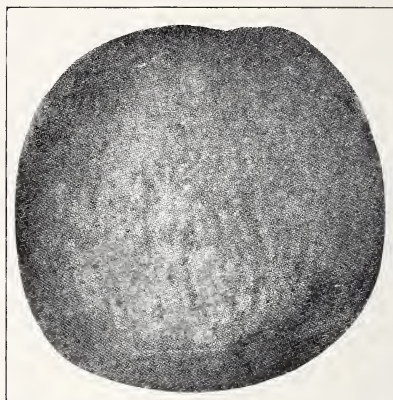
Autumn Strawberry. Tree an upright grower and a thrifty bearer; fruit medium, surface smooth, mixed and striped with scarlet; flesh yellow, tender and very juicy.

APPLE—WINTER.

Arkansas Black. Medium to large, round or slightly conical, yellow where not covered with a beautiful dark maroon approaching to black; flesh firm, fine-grained, juicy.

Ben Davis. Medium to large, roundish, entirely oval shaped, with two shades of red; flesh white, tender and juicy. November.

Kentucky Redstreak. Medium, roundish, greenish yellow shaded with dull purplish red and sprinkled with large light dots having gray centers; flesh white, tender and juicy. December to February.



Ben Davis Apple.

Lady Apple. A beautiful little dessert fruit; flat, lovely lemon yellow with a brilliant deep red cheek; flesh crisp and juicy. December.



Winesap Apple.

Mammoth Black Twig. Fruit very large, dark red slightly streaked; flesh yellow and juicy, and a fine keeper. November to January.

Missouri Pippin. Large, roundish, oblate, somewhat flattened at ends; striped and splashed with dark red covered with large and small gray dots; flesh white and juicy. December.

Northern Spy. Large, roundish, pale yellow, purplish red stripe in the sun; flesh white, mild and pleasant. November to January.

White Pippin. Large, greenish white, pale yellow when ripe; flesh white and tender, rich and juicy. December to February.

Wine Sap. Medium in size, streaked with red; tree thrives on sandy soil; flesh yellow with rich, high flavor. November to February.



Yellow Bellefleur Apple.

McIntosh Red. Large, roundish; skin covered with bright red or crimson, almost purplish in the sun; flesh white and very tender; juicy, mild, sub-acid.

Yellow Bellefleur. Large, yellow; flesh crisp, juicy, with a sprightly, aromatic flavor; an excellent and valuable variety. October to February.

CRAB APPLE.

Gen. Grant. Medium red; good for canning and preserves; very productive.

Florence. One of the best, early and bears well; fruit large and of good quality; tree is hardy.

Whitney. Fruit large, green striped and splashed with carmine; flesh firm.

DECIDUOUS FRUIT TREES.

We always aim to keep a full stock of apple, peach, pear, plum and prune trees in all the standard sorts. For this reason we solicit orders in quantities, feeling assured that quality and price will both be alluring to intending planters.

PEACH.

4 to 6 feet, 35c; per 100 \$20.00. 3 to 4 feet, 25c; per 100, \$16.00.

Apply for quotations in quantity.

Admiral Dewey (New). Ripens the same time as Triumph, but is superior; freestone; flesh yellow, of uniform color and texture to the pit.

Australian Saucer. Skin white, shaded crimson in the sun; flesh white, sweet, delicious flavor. June and July.

Blood Cling. Fruit medium; skin downy, clouded and streaked with purplish red; esteemed for pickling and preserving. July.

Early Imperial. Fruit medium, deep yellow with dark red cheek; flesh rich, juicy and very fine; a highly colored peach. June.

Early Crawford. Large, and of good quality; tree vigorous and prolific; skin yellow with fine red cheek; sweet and excellent. July.



Early Crawford Peach.

Elberta. Very large, a bright yellow with a beautiful mottled red cheek; flesh yellow, sweet and juicy; tree a strong grower and a regular bearer.

Foster. An excellent early peach, resembling the early Crawford, only ripening a few days earlier. July.

George's Late Cling. Yellowish white splashed with red; flesh firm, juicy, white, colored around pit. September.

Late Crawford. Large yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy and excellent; freestone. August.

Levy's Late, or Henrietta. A beautiful large cling; skin a deep yellow shaded with brownish, red in the sun; flesh deep yellow. September.

Lovell. This magnificent peach stands at the head of all other varieties, and is a clear yellow freestone; its only rival is the Muir, which has very much the same resemblance. It dries heavier than any of the other varieties, and is a good canner; tree a vigorous grower and a heavy bearer; very productive. August.



Phillips' Cling Peach.

Muir. Large to very large; perfect freestone; flesh clear yellow, rich and sweet; fruit a good shipper and canner, and adapted to drying. July.

Philip's Cling. Fine, large, clear yellow to the pit; preferred by the canners. September.

Picquet's Late. Large and handsome, skin yellow with red cheek, flesh sweet and highly flavored. September.

Ringold's Mammoth Cling. Large, skin yellow; flesh clear white to the pit; sugary and delicious; tree a rapid grower. September.

Runyon's Orange Cling. Fruit large, yellow with rich, red cheek; flesh golden yellow and highly flavored; tree an immense bearer.

Salway. A large peach, a creamy yellow with a deep brownish red cheek; flesh deep yellow; red at the pit. September.

Strawberry. Medium size, white, with red cheek; flesh white, red near the pit; juicy, of good flavor. July.

Tuscan Cling. A large, early yellow cling; flesh juicy and of fine flavor; ripens with Early Crawford.

May's Choice. Fruit medium; fine, juicy; flesh yellow with rich red skin. May and June.

Briggs Early May. Freestone; white meat. June.

Monte Vista. Cling; yellow flesh. Late October.

Alexander. Freestone; white flesh. June.

Admiral Dewey. Freestone; yellow flesh. Early June.

Mayflower. Freestone; yellow flesh. Early June.

APRICOTS.

Each 40c to 50c.

4 to 6 feet, per 100, \$30.00; per 1000, \$250.00.

Blenheim. Large, slightly oval; deep yellow; rich and juicy. July.



Royal Apricot.

Hemskirke. Resembles the Moorpark; ripens early; flesh bright orange with a plum-like flavor. Late June.

New Castle Early. Valuable on account of its earliness, being three weeks earlier than the Royal.

Royal. Medium size, oval; one of the best drying 'cots; flesh yellow and rich. July.

NECTARINE.

4 to 6 feet, 35c; 3 to 4 feet, 25c; per 100 \$15.00.

Humboldt. Large, skin bright orange yellow streaked and mottled with dark crimson.

New White. Large, skin greenish white; flesh white and tender; stone small and free. July.

Stanwich. Large, often the size of a peach; skin pale greenish white; flesh tender and juicy.

PLUM.

4 to 6 feet, 35c; 3 to 4 feet, 25c; per 100 \$17.00.

Maynard Plum. Large, often measuring seven and one-half inches in circumference; form nearly round, slightly flattened at the ends; of the richest crimson purple; flesh firm, even when dead ripe, but melting and juicy; tree a vigorous grower, with stiff, strong limbs. Price, 50c each.



Wickson Plum.

American Plum. Fruit large; skin glossy coral red; flesh yellow, moderately firm and delicious.

Apple. Possessing form, color and rare keeping qualities; much larger and firmer than the Satsuma.

Climax. Size, high color, delicious flavor and fragrance place it in the lead of early plums. Color deep, dark red; flesh yellow.

Burbank. Large, nearly globular; clear cherry red; tree a vigorous grower, beginning to bear when two years old.

Giant Plum. Tree a strong grower; fruit large, flesh yellow, good flavor; free-stone. September.

Green Gage. Small, round; flesh pale green, melting and juicy; separates freely from the stone. July.

Imperial Gage. Above medium size, oval, pale green, tinted with yellow; rich and juicy; fine for canning. August.

Satsuma. Medium to large, round; skin dark red; flesh dark red, firm and solid; quality good; fine for canning. July.

Wickson. A sturdy, upright grower; productive; fruit remarkably handsome, deep maroon-red, covered with white bloom; flesh fine texture, firm, sugary and delicious.

PRUNE.

4 to 6 feet, 35c; 3 to 4 feet, 25c.

French. Medium size, egg shaped, violet purple; sweet and rich, very productive. September.

Hungarian. Large, thick skin; red, juicy and sweet; tree a strong grower and a good bearer.



French Prune. Sugar Prune.

Imperial Epinuse. Tree strong and thrifty. The fruit is very large and of a uniform size on the tree; flesh greenish yellow.

Tragedy. Skin dark purple; flesh yellowish green; very rich and sweet; parts readily from pit; tree a rapid grower and productive.

QUINCE.

25c each.

Pineapple. Flavor suggests pineapple; fruit in size like an orange.

Smyrna. Tree is a strong grower and bearer; fruit large and of a yellow lemon color.

Champion. Large, skin strongly russeted around stem; flesh tender and delicious.

PERSIMMON.

Japanese, 35c to 50c each.

Tane Nashi. Large, roundish, conical, pointed; skin light yellow, changing to bright red; flesh yellow and seedless.

Hykaume. Large, roundish, oblong, flattened at both ends; skin light yellow; flesh dark brown, sweet, crisp and meaty.

FIG.

Large trees, 35c; medium, 25c.

Brown Turkey. Very large; color violet brown; fine for table purposes. June to August.



Calimyrna (Smyrna) Fig.

Mission, or Black Fig. The well known California black fig; tree a strong grower and prolific.

White Smyrna. One of the best of all figs; an excellent table variety.

Calimyrna. The genuine commercial Smyrna Fig as grown in Asia Minor. Large size; turbinate; skin lemon-yellow; pulp reddish amber, excellent quality fresh or dried; must be fertilized by the Blastophaga wasp. August to October.

MULBERRY.

Russian. Commences to bear at two years of age, and is prolific; fruit about the size of a large blackberry; fine aromatic flavor, used for dessert. Price, 40c each.

Common. Fruit small, round, leaves not as large or heavy as the Russian. 20c each.

BLACKBERRY.

Mammoth Blackberry. Rampant grower, trailing on the ground; very productive; fruit of enormous size and of good flavor. 15c each, 75c per 100.

THE SMALL FRUITS.

Blackberries in our vicinity are a leading berry crop; but we can also supply raspberries, currants and strawberries at market rates.

THE NUT FRUITS

PECAN.

Paper Shell. Nuts are of superior quality; meat sweet and easily removed from the shell. 25c to 50c.

CHESTNUT.

Italian or Spanish. Tree strong grower and productive, valuable for ornament and fruit. Nuts larger than the American Sweet. 50c.

WALNUT.

Soft Shell. Grafted from selected seedlings. 50c each.

Placentia Perfection. Grafted on California Black; 1 year old. 15c per foot.

English. Selected Santa Barbara Seedlings; 4 to 10 feet. 35c to \$1.00 each.



Placentia Perfection Walnuts.

ALMOND.

Jordon. Kernels long, plump, and thin skinned, richly flavored. 40c each; \$3.00 per 10.

Nonpareil. An extraordinary heavy and regular bearer. 30c each; \$2.50 per 10.

Ne Plus Ultra. A heavy and regular bearer; nuts long in shape, soft shell, hull free. 30c each; \$2.50 per 10.

GRAPE VINES

Strong plants, 15c each; \$1.00 for 10.
Foreign, Table and Shipping.

American.

Concord
Mission

Martha
Sabal Kanski



Emperor Grape.



Thompson's Seedless Grape.

Black Cornichon	Muscat
Rose of Peru	Gros Coleman
Black Hamburg	Malaga
Red Emperor	Flame Tokay

Raisin.

Muscat	Thompson Seedless
--------	-------------------

Emperor	Black Ferrera
Flame Tokay	Grenache
	Pedro Zimmenes

BURBANK'S SPINELESS CACTUS AS A LIVE STOCK FOOD.

This new fodder crop is a great producer, it requires no irrigation; it is an excellent dairy roughage, good roughage for any cattle, and can be used for hogs, chickens, sheep and goats. It can be fed in a green succulent condition all the year. It has no serious insect or fungous enemies. One planting is good for repeated cuttings. It does not deteriorate with age but can be fed when five or six years old to even better advantage than when young. It is a certain crop under conditions which cause other crops to be a failure.

We have a splendid stock of this remarkable plant, embracing all the better varieties of greatest economic value, of which we are offering cuttings at very low prices. These are lightly but safely packed so that they will reach you in good condition, transportation to be paid by purchaser.

Please state whether you wish the cuttings sent by express or freight; most of them are too large to be sent by mail. Special express rates are allowed on cactus and other cuttings and plants (if prepaid eight cents per pound).

No order can be accepted for less than \$1.00. Terms cash. Correspondence is invited.

SAN FERNANDO NURSERY CO.,
San Fernando, Cal.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS

SHADE TREES.

Acacia Melanoxylon. A tall growing variety; a popular tree for street planting. 25c to 60c.

Acacia Molissima. A large, spreading tree, with feathery foliage; grows rapidly; flowers yellow. 25c to 50c.

Acacia Floribunda. An upright growing tree with long, narrow leaves; blooms during the entire summer; a fine specimen. 25c to 50c.

Acacia Cultriformis. A dwarf variety with very peculiar foliage; a charming shrub. 35c to 50c.

Acacia Baileyana. A handsome street or shade tree with fern-like foliage; yellow blossoms in clusters. 25c to 50c.

Acacia Dealbata (Silver Wattle). A fine, rapid growing tree, with feathery-like foliage, and covered in spring with golden yellow flowers. 25c to 50c.



Acacia decurrens.

Acacia Decurrens. A rapid growing tree; one of the best for avenue planting; flowers a whitish yellow. 30c to 60c.

Camphora Officinalis. The camphor; fine growing, symmetrical tree; bright green foliage. 25c to 50c.

Casuarina Stricta. A very rapid grower, native to Australia; branches are long, slender and weeping with jointed, needle-like leaves. 25c to 60c.

Arbor Vitae, Golden. A compact growth and forms a symmetrical, well rounded head, foliage dark green. 25c.

Arbor Vitae, Ever Golden. A beautiful shrub; foliage yellow color. 25c.



Cedrus Deodara.

Cedrus Deodara (Himalayan or Indian Cedar). Exceedingly handsome with drooping branches and silvery green foliage.

Cedrus Libani (Cedar of Lebanon). A magnificent tree with short, horizontal branches.

Cryptomeria Japonica (Japan Cedar). Large pyramidal tree, with straight, slender, tapering trunk; branchlets numerous; bright green foliage.

Cypress, Monterey. An elegant ever-tree used extensively for hedges and wind breaks. \$2.00 per 100.

Dwarf Cypress. A beautiful low growing shrub, being commonly used for ornamental hedges. 20c.

Eucalyptus Globulus, or Blue Gum. \$1.50 per 100; \$12.50 per 1000.

Eucalyptus Rudis, or Desert Gum. \$1.50 per 100; \$12.50 per 1000.

Eucalyptus Rostrata. \$1.50 per 100.



Eucalyptus globulus.

Ficus Elastica. Desirable for inside decoration, retains its bright, attractive appearance; leaves large, shiny green. Price, 50c to \$1.50 each.

Ficus Australis. Hardier than the above with smaller leaves; much planted in Southern California, where it forms a fine, compact tree. Price 50c to \$1.50 each.

Grevillea Robusta (Silk Oak). A graceful fern-leaved tree of rapid growth. Makes an elegant avenue tree. 20c to 75c each.

Jacaranda. A beautiful tree, with foliage finely cut as a fern; flowers blue or violet; grows to a height of 50 feet. 25c to 50c each.

Magnolia Grandiflora. A fine American evergreen; brilliant green foliage; flowers of immense size. 50c each.

Pinus Torreyana. One of the most beautiful of our native pines. Height, 50 feet. \$1.00 each.

Pinus Insignis. Monterey Pine. This well known variety is a native of California and is extensively planted. 50c to \$1.00 each.

Schinus Molle (Pepper Tree). One of our most graceful park and avenue trees; has long panicles of yellowish flowers, turning to deep red berries. 25c each.

Sequoia Gigantea (California Big Tree). Famous world renowned trees, which are extant now only in the Sierra Nevada Mountains. They attain the height of 300 to 400 feet. 50c up.

Sequoia Sempervirens (California Redwood). The famous timber tree of California; wood durable and greatly used in the West for building purposes. 50c.

Stercula Diversifolia (Victoria Bottle Tree). A magnificent street or avenue tree; foliage a dark green, constantly changing in shape. 50c each.



Sequoia gigantea.

Texas Umbrella. One of our most handsome shade trees; dark green foliage and well shaped head; a beautiful shade or street tree; thrives well in any soil. 30c to \$1.50 each.

Lemon Scented Gum. A fine species of ornamental Gum; its foliage is lemon scented, and is a very attractive tree. Price 35c.

Scarlet Flowering Gum. A striking variety of dwarf habit, with very large dark green leaves, and producing large panicles of brilliant scarlet flowers.

HEDGE PLANTS.

Buxus Sempervirens. Beautiful ever-green shrub used extensively for borders; grows low and can be pruned to any shape. Per 100, \$3.00; in pots, 15c each.

Euonymus Japonicus. Bright green leaves; can be pruned as desired; a fine hedge for large gardens. 25c each.

Ligustrum (Japanese Privet). A grand hedge plant for enclosing large gardens or parks; leaves thick and green; stands pruning well. Per 100, \$3.00; in pots, 15c each.



Chinese Golden Arbor Vitae.

Cypress (Monterey). A favorite for hedges and wind breaks. Per 100, \$2.00; in pots, 15c each.

Cypress, Dwarf. A fine low-growing variety; suitable for yards or gardens; can be trimmed in any shape desired. Pots, 15c each.

Arbor Vitae (Chinese Golden). Compact and regular in habit, the foliage assuming a beautiful golden tint in spring. 40c each.

Arbor Vitae (Ever Golden). Retains its golden tint the year around; one of the very best of the evergreen variegated shrubs. Small plants in pots, 15c each.

Cypress (Italian). A tall, tapering tree, with branches growing close and parallel with the trunk; branches frond-like and covered with dark green foliage. 15c to \$1.00 each.

BEDDING AND BORDER PLANTS.

Berberis, Thunbergia. Grows 3 to 4 feet high; perfectly shaped; rich green leaves, turning in autumn to a bright scarlet; flowers a delicate shade of coppery yellow; beautiful red berries. Small plants, 25c each.

Bryophyllum. A handsome plant for a warm climate, a native of India; when in flower is very beautiful, producing loose panicles of drooping greenish purple flowers. It is very easily grown. 10, 25c.



Hydrangea Otaksa.

Cerasus Illicifolia Intergrifolia (Catalina Cherry). Leaves very large with spiny teeth; fruit large, nearly all pit with but little pulp; fine for hedges or as a lawn shrub. Small, 20c each.

Oleander. Foliage a dark green, combined with their fragrant flowers, which they produce during all the summer months. Two varieties, pure white and pink. 35c.

Plumbago. Can be trained as a bush or a climber, flowers sky blue, produced during the entire summer; stands drought and the brightest sunshine. 40c each.

Poinsettia. A favorite for Southern California for holiday flowers; with long stems, large leaves and great scarlet bracts surrounding the flowers. 30c each.

Polygala. A beautiful small shrub, with pea-shaped flowers covering the plant during the entire summer. 35c each.

Hydrangea Grandiflora. One of the finest of the summer flowering varieties; blooms in August and continuing until frost; flowers cream color in buds, turning to pure white when open. 50c each.

Hydrangea, Otaska. Beautiful large flowers, at first deep, rich pink, changing to snow white. 20c to \$1.00 each.

Hydrangea, Thomas Hogg. One of the hardiest, adapted to pot and outdoor cultivation; flowers white, a profuse bloomer. 20c to \$1.00.

Hydrangea, Red Branched. Has dark red branches, brightening to a clear crimson as they near the flower trusses; produces immense heads of rose colored flowers. 20c to \$1.00 each.

CLIMBING AND TRAILING PLANTS

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Boston Ivy). This is the handsome creeper so generally used for covering brick walls, stone or wooden structures; foliage deep green, changing in autumn; flowers small followed by clusters of deep blue berries. 35c each.

Moonflower. One of the most rapid climbers. Flowers from four to six inches in diameter of a silver, moon-like whiteness, delightfully perfumed. 35c each.

Snail Vine (Corkscrew Flower). A very unique climber, with fragrant and peculiar, twisted flowers, varying from purple to yellow. 35c each.

Trumpet Vine. Distinct from any other, both in flower and foliage; is hardy; produces showy flowers in profusion; clings to wood or stone. 35c each.

English Ivy. Evergreen climber with dark, glossy green leaves, clings firmly to stone or brick walls. 30c each.

Jasmine. A new variety, with large, waxy, white double flowers, produced throughout the entire summer. 35c each.

Bougainvillea Sanderiana. Foliage deep shining green; flowers of dazzling rosy crimson. 75c to \$1.50 each.

Roses. See list of climbers.

ASPARAGUS FERNS.

Asparagus Sprengeri. For planting in pots, vases, or hanging baskets, has no equal; droops naturally, sending out enormous feathery emerald green fronds; ornamental for porches and windows. 20c to \$1.00 each.

Asparagus Plumosus. Foliage surpasses a Maiden Hair Fern in grace and finish. 20c to \$1.00 each.

Asparagus Plumosus Robustus. Splendid for decorative purposes; slightly resembles Plumosus. 30c each.

Asparagus Plumosus Nanus. A more delicate species, too well known to require further description. 25c each.



Bougainvillea.

Asparagus Decumbrens. A distinct variety with lighter foliage than the above; one of the most beautiful; valuable for baskets. 30c each.

Asparagus Scandens Defluxus. Bluish green sprays; distinct from the above. 30c each.

PALMS, DRACAENAS AND YUCCAS

Chamaerops (Wind Mill Palm). Leaves fan-shaped, deeply cut; one of the hardiest for outdoor culture; a symmetrical grower. 4 in pot, 25c each.

Brahea Glauca (Blue Palm). Lower California; 40 feet; one of the most exquisite Fan Palms; foliage dark green. 4 in pot, 25c each.

Corypha Australis. The fan-like leaves are dark green, supported upon brown petioles, well suited for decorating apartments. 4 in pot, 25c each.

Cocos Plumosus. Tall, slender species from Brazil, with finely divided pinnate and very long stems; the most graceful palm grown in Southern California.



Cocos plumosus Palm.

Kentia Belmoreana (Curly Palm). Valued as a house plant; elegant pinnate leaves, beautiful even when small. 4 in pot, 40c each.

Kentia Forsteriana (Thatch Leaf Palm) A robust growing variety for house culture; graceful and attractive; thrives well in pots. 4 in pot, 40c each.

Latania Borbonica. Popular for decorative work; leaves large and fan-shaped, dark green in color; thrives well in sheltered situations. In pots, 40c each.

Phoenix Canariensis (Canary Island Palm). One of the most graceful of our hardy palms; leaves large and fan-shaped, dark green in color; fine for lawns. 30c to 75c.

Phoenix Dactylifera. Grows to the height of 100 feet; produces the dates of commerce. Male and female flowers appear on different trees. 30c to \$1.00 each.

Phoenix Reclinata (Dwarf Date Palm). A native of South Africa; 10 to 20 feet; very graceful; has drooping laves; not as hardy as some of the other varieties. 40c each.



Phoenix Canariensis.

Phoenix Rupicola (Himalaya Palm). Grows to the height of 15 to 20 feet; has wide-spreading, arching leaves; one of the finest. 40c each.

Oreodoxia Regia (Royal Palm). One of the most graceful of all palms for house or conservatory work. 50c each.

Seafortha Elegans. The whole plant is perfectly smooth, leaves drooping and feathery-like; one of the finest in cultivation for conservatory, greenhouse or tropical garden. 50c each.

Washingtonia Robusta. A distinct type of the palm family, although the leaves have the same weeping habit as the Filiferia; grows faster than the Filiferia, with a trunk much less than half as thick. 25c to \$2.00 each.

Washingtonia Filiferia (California Fan Palm). The popular palm of California, being a native in San Bernardino county. The trunk attains a diameter of 4 feet; height 60 to 80 feet. 25c to \$1.50 each.

DRACAENAS.

Dracaena Draco. First discovered on the Island of Teneriffe by Humboldt, who estimated its age at 6000 years. It makes a rapid growth. 4 in pots, 50c each.



Dracaena Draco.

Dracaena Indivisa. Of graceful habit and rapid growth; not affected by sunshine, storm or drought; makes an excellent growth on the Pacific Coast. 20c each.

Dracaena Australis. A fine species with a stout branched stem, from 10 to 30 feet high; its flag-like leaves give it a beautiful appearance. 20c each.

AGAVE.

Agave Americana Variegata. A more beautiful species than the Agava Americana; long dark green leaves, with the edges margined with a deep yellow. 25c to 50c each.

Musa Ensete (Abyssinian Banana). This magnificent foliage plant if given plenty of water will attain the height of 10 feet during one season. 50c and 75c.

Cavandishi (Genuine Banana). This is the grand tree that grows the banana; bears fruit the second year. A plant should be in a protected place in every garden. \$1.00 each.

BEDDING PLANTS.

Cannas, Mixed. What is more pleasing than a nice bed of mixed Cannas? We can furnish in mixed varieties only. 15c each; \$1.00 per 12.

Heliotrope. These fragrant, rich colored flowers deserve a space in every garden. 20c each.

Verbenas. Beautiful colors and quantity of bloom make them desirable; in flower during the entire year. 5c each; 50c per doz.

BULBS.

Calla Lily. This well known white lily needs no introduction; small bulbs, 5c each; 50c per doz. large, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

Yellow Calla. This beautiful Calla, same as the above only the flowers are yellow and the leaves are beautifully spotted. 25c each.



Gladiolus.

Gladiolus, Mixed. A mixed variety of Gladiolus means you have something in your garden to adore, being hardy, no two alike, with the most graceful odor. 5c each; 50c per doz.

Fuchsias. We carry a complete stock of all the double varieties of Fuchsias, any color desired. Price, 15c to 40c each.

ROSES FOR ALL PURPOSES



Frau Karl Druschki.

Our roses are field grown, one year old, good strong plants, and can guarantee them to be healthy and in good condition.

NEW.

Black Prince. A deep dark red rose.

Velvet Rose. Petals thick, velvety; crimson.

NEW AND SCARCE VARIETIES.

25c each.

Baby Rambler. Crimson.

Frau Karl Druschki. White.

Helen Gould. Yellow and pink.

Climbing Papa Gontier. Carmine.

General McArthur. Brilliant scarlet.

Killarney (Irish Rose). Soft pink.

Coliel d'Or (or Golden Sun). Yellow.

THE EVER-BLOOMING TEA ROSES.

25 each, \$2.00 per 10, \$18.00 per 100.

Beauty of Stapleford. Bright pink, shaded carmine.

Bridesmaid. Clear, rich pink.

Bride. Pure white.

Burbank. Cherry crimson.

Carolina Fabish. Dark crimson.

Catherine Mermet. Clear, shining pink.

Duchess de Brabant. Soft light rose.

Mad. Jos. Schwartz. Pure white.

Maman Cochet. Clear, rich pink.

Marie Van Houtte. Pale yellow and creamy white.

Papa Gontier. Most popular of red roses.

Perle de Jardins. Golden yellow.

Rainbow. Striped carmine, center amber.

Souv. de Pierre Notting. Orange yellow.

White Maman Cochet. White.



Safrano

Safrano. Apricot yellow.

Princess de Sagan. Rich crimson.

Mad. Lombard. Salmon.

HYBRID TEA ROSES.

25c each, \$2.00 per 10, \$18.00 per 100.

Lady Battersea. Bright cherry crimson.

Bessie Brown. Flesh pink.

Duchess of Albany. Rosy pink; double.

Etoile de France. Dark crimson.

Gruss and Teplitz. Reddest of roses.

Helen Gould. Bright carmine.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. Pure ivory white.

La France. Silvery rose, shading to pink.

Madame Abel Chateney. A beautiful rose.

Madam Caroline Testout. Clear pink, cream rose.

Madam Pernet Ducher. Bright creamy yellow.

Mlle. Helena Canbier. Lovely canary yellow, peach center.

Mrs. R. B. Cant. Red.

Mrs. Robert Garnett. Shell pink.

Meteor. Velvety crimson.

President Carnot. Rose blush.

Wootton. Bright crimson.

White La France. White.



La France Rose.

HYBRID PERPETUALS.

25c each, \$2.00 per 10, \$18.00 per 100.

American Beauty. Rich, rosy crimson.

Clio. Flesh color.

Dinsmore. Rich, crimson scarlet.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson.

Glorie Lyonnaise. White, tinted with yellow.

Marshal P. Wilder. Cherry carmine.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Deep, velvety crimson.

Paul Neyron. Largest rose; crimson.
Ulrich Brunner. Brilliant cherry red.
Champion of the World. Pink.
Queen Scarlet. Rich, velvety scarlet.



Paul Neyron Rose.

HYBRID SWEET BRIERS.

25c each.

Blenda. Maiden's Blush, or Beach.
Meg Merelles. Crimson of the richest shade.

MOSS ROSES.

25c each.

Countess De Murinais. White and flesh.
Henry Martin. Deep, rosy carmine.
John Cranston. Violet red.
Princess Adelaide. Large cluster, small pink; double.

EVER-BLOOMING CLIMBING ROSES.

25c each, \$2.00 per 10, \$18.00 per 100.

Clare Carnot. Buff orange yellow.
Climbing Bridesmaid. Dark pink.
Climbing Cecil Brunner. Brilliant cherry red.
Climbing Meteor. Bright red.
Climbing Wooton. Violet crimson.
Lamarque. White.

Madam Wagram. Rich, creamy white.
Marechal Neil. Golden yellow.
Reine Marie Henrietta. Brilliant cherry red.
Reve d'Or. Buff yellow.



Cherokee Rose.

MISCELLANEOUS CLIMBING ROSES.

25c each, \$2.00 per 10, \$18.00 per 100.

Banksia. Pure white.
Cherokee. Golden yellow.
Climbing Clothilde Soupert. Silvery rose.
Crimson Rambler. Lovely crimson.
Dorothy Perkins. Shell pink.
Philadelphia Rambler. Deep rich crimson.
Prairie Queen. Clear, bright pink.
Yellow Rambler. Golden yellow.

Burbank's Spineless Cactus

Recognized as the great fodder plant of the future for farm animals and poultry, especially in the regions of scant rainfall. It is of easy culture, a heavy cropper, and the cuttings are reasonable in price, thus putting it within the reach of all live stock farmers. We grow some seventeen varieties, of which we have a splendid stock on hand. Descriptive printed matter and prices on application.

OUR STOCK THIS SEASON OF

A1 Deciduous Fruit Trees Grape Vines, Small Fruits



Lovell Cling Peach.

Is larger, more varied and better than it has ever been at any previous season. We are ready to supply in quantity all the standard sorts, and invite correspondence from intending planters as to quantity and varieties required.

Tell us what you are in the market for, and we will do the rest.

San Fernando Nursery Co.

SAN FERNANDO, CAL.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

CITRUS TREES

— TRUE TO NAME —



Marsh Seedless Pomolo Tree

And absolutely free from insect pests and disease. Our trees can be shipped to any locality without fumigating or spraying.

San Fernando Nursery Co.

SAN FERNANDO, CAL.